

power to select his associates. Final action was approval of a bill for the work of the Committee on Recipe Book.

A motion by Mr. Antonow to give a rising vote of thanks to the outgoing President, H. V. Army, was carried unanimously.

The Seventy-second annual meeting of the American Pharmaceutical Association was then adjourned.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES, AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

ABSTRACT OF THE MINUTES OF THE SESSIONS HELD IN HOTEL STATLER, BUFFALO, N. Y., AUGUST 26-29, 1924.

The first session of the House of Delegates, A. Ph. A., was convened by Chairman L. L. Walton at 7:45 P.M., Tuesday, August 26.

The first order of business announced by the Chairman was roll call and the verification of credentials.—Secretary Day stated that the credentials in his hands included those of 7 national associations, 36 state associations, 6 branches, A. Ph. A.; 5 sections, A. Ph. A.; and one Federal department. "Each of these," he said, "is entitled to one vote." He requested that those present as delegates respond as the names were called and to designate the voting delegate. The names of delegates and organizations represented follow; the name of organization or state is in italics, names of delegates in capitals and small capitals, and the names of the voting delegates in bold face.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATIONS.

American Conference of Pharmaceutical Faculties—**Zada M. Cooper**, Wm. F. GIDLEY.
National Association of Boards of Pharmacy—**H. C. Christensen**, R. W. STERLING.
National Association of Retail Druggists—**J. H. Webster**.
American Drug Manufacturers' Association—**A. R. L. Dohme**, J. FRED WINDOLPH.
National Wholesale Druggists' Association—**D. M. Cowan**, CHAS. GIBSON, GEO. B. HUBBARD.
American Pharmaceutical Manufacturers' Association—**B. L. Maltbie**.
The Proprietary Association—**E. F. Kemp**, A. H. BEARDSLEY.

STATE ASSOCIATIONS.

Alabama—Lawrence C. Lewis, W. C. THOMASON.
Arizona—Arthur G. Hullett.
California—W. Bruce Philip.
Connecticut—B. E. Höckert, LOUIS MONTANARO.
Colorado—Chas. J. Clayton, HOMER C. WASHBURN.
Delaware—George W. Rhodes.
Florida—D. W. Ramsaur, W. D. JONES, W. M. HANKINS.
Georgia—Sinclair Jacobs.
Illinois—S. L. Antonow.
Indiana—Fred A. Meissner, C. B. JORDAN.
Iowa—George Judisch, WILL W. HAIRE, J. W. SLOCUM.
Kansas—N. G. Edelblute, A. H. KING, JOHN SCHMITTER, L. E. SAYRE, M. NOLL.
Kentucky—Linwood A. Brown, DR. O. C. DILLY, J. W. GAYLE, J. J. GOODWIN, F. W. BLESI.
Maine—T. J. Bradley, E. W. MOORE, M. L. PORTER.
Maryland—Robert L. Swain, GEORGE A. BUNTING, C. L. MEYER.
Massachusetts—C. Herbert Packard.
Michigan—J. H. Webster, R. I. LAKEY.
Minnesota—Edwin L. Newcomb, J. P. JELINEK, CHAS. T. HELLER.
Mississippi—H. M. Faser, C. I. FLETCHER, J. T. MATHIS.
Nebraska—David S. Simms.
New Hampshire—William D. Grace, ALBERT H. SHEFFERT, CHARLES E. DUPORT.
New Jersey—Jeannot Hostmann, CHARLES W. HOLTAN.
New York—Jacob Diner, JOHN SCAVO, GUSTAVE HORSTMAN.
North Carolina—J. G. Beard, E. V. ZOELLER, I. W. ROSE.
Ohio—Theo. D. Wetterstroem, EDWARD SPEASE, OTTO MOOSBRUGGER.
Oklahoma—D. B. R. Johnson, TOM R. HADLEY.
Oregon—A. Zieffe.
Pennsylvania—L. L. Walton, ADOLPH SCHMIDT, J. A. KOCH.
South Carolina—W. H. Zeigler.

South Dakota—C. B. Baldwin, E. R. SERLES.
Tennessee—W. J. Cox.
Texas—W. H. Cousins.
Virginia—W. F. Rudd, A. L. I. WINNE, W. G. CROCKETT.
West Virginia—Gordon A. Bergy, G. O. YOUNG, E. K. HOGG.
Wisconsin—H. G. Ruenzel, G. V. KRADWELL, A. Ph. A. BRANCHES.
Baltimore—B. Olive Cole, HERMAN ENGELHARDT.
Chicago—E. N. Gathercoal, WILLIAM GRAY, I. A. BECKER.
Detroit—Walter M. Chase, WILBUR L. SCOVILLE.
New York—H. B. Smith.
North Carolina—E. V. Kyser.
Northern Ohio—Edward D. Davy, L. C. HOPP, EDWARD SPEASE, NEIL T. CHAMBERLIN, OTTO MUHLHAN, EUGENE SELZER.
Pittsburgh—Louis Emanuel.
Philadelphia—Ambrose Hunsberger, E. FULLERTON, COOK, IVOR GRIFFITH, PAUL S. PITTINGER, ARNO VIEHOVER, E. G. EBERLE.
University of Washington—C. W. Johnson, JOS. R. ANDERSON.

U. S. DEPARTMENTS.

Treasury Dept. U. S. Public Health Service—A. G. DuMez.

A. Ph. A. SECTIONS.

Commercial Interests—John H. Webster.
Education and Legislation—H. L. Meredith.
Historical—A. R. L. Dohme, H. C. CHRISTENSEN, H. M. WHELPLEY, H. S. NOEL.
Practical Pharmacy and Dispensing—J. A. Becker.
Scientific—E. V. Howell.

COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.

Alumni Association of Columbia University—GEORGE C. DIEKMAN, JEANNOT HOSTMANN, R. S. LEHMAN.
New York Academy of Pharmacy—JACOB DINER, WILLIAM ANDERSON, R. S. LEHMAN.
Philadelphia College of Pharmacy—C. H. LAWALL, J. W. STRUMER, IVOR GRIFFITH, ARNO VIEHOVER, F. P. STROUP.
Howard University College of Pharmacy—CHARLES J. FUHRMANN.
Brooklyn College of Pharmacy and Kings County Pharmaceutical Society—Wm. C. ANDERSON, HENRY B. SMITH, THOS. D. MCELHENIE.
George Washington University, School of Pharmacy—AUGUSTUS C. TAYLOR.
University of Minnesota—G. BACHMAN, E. L. NEWCOMB, F. J. WULLING.
California College of Pharmacy—HAYDEN M. SIMMONS.
Columbia University College of Pharmacy—H. H. RUSBY, GEO. C. DIEKMAN, H. V. ARMY.

Chairman Walton inquired whether the credentials of voting delegates had been verified. The Secretary replied in the affirmative and the Chairman declared these voting delegates as constituting the membership of the House of Delegates, including also the officers of the Association and the members of the Board of Directors (Council).

Chairman Walton appointed as members of the Committee on Nominations for officers of the House of Delegates: E. L. Newcomb, Chairman; Robert L. Swain, J. G. Beard, A. Ziefle and Charles J. Clayton. As members of the Committee on Resolutions and on President's Address: Jeannot Hostmann, Chairman; George Judisch, Ambrose Hunsberger, B. L. Maltbie, Linwood A. Brown, D. M. Cowan, D. B. R. Johnson, F. W. Meissner and Theodore D. Wetterstroem. As members of the Committee on Nominations of candidates for officers of the Association and members of the Board of Directors (Council): C. Herbert Packard, Chairman; Henry M. Whelpley, E. N. Gathercoal, Robert P. Fischelis, H. L. Meredith.

Chairman Walton appointed as Committee on By-Laws of the House of Delegates: E. F. Kelly, Chairman; S. L. Hilton and A. G. DuMez.

Secretary Robert P. Fischelis presented the report of the Board of Directors—these have been printed in the *JOURNAL A. PH. A.* as Letters of the Board of Directors. The report was on motion of F. W. Meissner, seconded by Charles J. Clayton, and a vote, accepted.

Secretary Day presented a letter and resolution from the American Medical Association—it was referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

Chairman Walton stated that delegates would have the opportunity of presenting resolutions at the second session—these must be in writing.

Secretary Robert P. Fischelis reported that the Board of Directors had nominated for Honorary President, Louis Emanuel of Pittsburgh; for Secretary, William B. Day of Chicago; for Treasurer, E. F. Kelly of Baltimore. He also reported the following request from the Board of Directors: "That the House of Delegates be requested to postpone the election of a full-time Secretary for one year and that the previous communication from the Board recommending the election of a full-time Secretary be recalled."

Chairman Walton asked the pleasure of the House of Delegates relative to the postponement of the election of a full-time Secretary. Jeannot Hostmann asked whether the election of officers could be postponed until the next session.—The Chairman replied that he could find no authority for suspending the By-Laws.

Chairman J. H. Beal said in part, that the Board of Directors, after very careful consideration, deemed it necessary to ask for postponement of the election of a full-time Secretary. A "worth-while" Secretary would command a corresponding salary and clerical assistance, as well as traveling expenses. All told, these expenses would be not less than \$8,000 annually; this additional money is not on hand, without encroaching upon the Association's permanent funds. The expenses for the Headquarters Building had gone beyond prior estimate and other plans to be presented will mean further expenditure. "The Board of Directors felt," he said, "that it was the part of wisdom, the part of due and proper caution and business prudence to defer this step for one more year. We think it can be done without interfering with the plans that we are carrying out. We have money, of course, but those monies are locked up in the form of permanent funds. The Constitution determines the manner in which they can be withdrawn, and only withdrawn in that manner. It is very difficult and at the same time I think it would be unwise.

"Not only is the Board of Directors disappointed, but we realize that this means a disappointment to some other people as well—Prof. Hostmann, in particular, who is the father of this organization plan, or very largely so. But if anybody can come to the Board of Directors and show us how we can safely undertake these additional expenses for the Association we will gladly yield our assent. The responsibility is upon this House of Delegates, therefore, Mr. Chairman, to say whether or not we shall take this step. If you can see your way clear to do it, understanding that you are taking the responsibility of instructing the Board of Directors, we will submit very graciously."

Mr. Hostmann asked whether it would be possible to borrow from the general funds.

Chairman Beal was asked by Chairman Walton to reply. He said: "We could borrow from the general funds if we act in good faith, and we shall of course not act in any other way. We can borrow just the same as we would borrow from a bank, by giving proper collateral. That is the only way. It would be unheard of in this Association for us under any form of pretence of

borrowing to take money out of a fund that is established for one particular purpose and use it for something else, but if we take it from those funds I, as one of the persons responsible for that fund, would demand the same security in the way of collateral that any ordinarily well-conducted banking institution would demand. My duty would require nothing less."

Chairman Walton said he recalled no motion before the House.

H. M. Whelpley moved, in order to place the matter in parliamentary form, that the report on nominations be accepted and the election of officers be proceeded with. F. W. Meissner seconded the motion.

Mr. Hostmann said that the matter of employing a full-time Secretary was now before the House of Delegates for decision. He realized that the Board of Directors had given the proposition careful consideration, but the delegates should not consider the subject too lightly. Service is the point of contact with retail pharmacists and this Association. The active members here know what the A. Ph. A. is doing for the retail pharmacists, but the average retailers are not active in our ranks and do not realize that. The question of a permanent Secretary has been used everywhere for enlisting coöperation for membership and, in a way, for the headquarters building fund. He admitted the splendid work done for the latter. He contended that delay in making the reorganization plan effective in this important particular—the full-time Secretary—would react and discourage, and that immediate service to associations would arouse new interest. He asked the delegates to weigh the proposition carefully before deciding to postpone the election of a full-time Secretary. He thought that a good man would bring in revenue through additional membership, which would go far toward defraying the expenses incurred thereby.

A vote was called for and resulted in approval of the recommendation of the Board of Directors. Election of officers was proceeded with and, in regular order, the following were elected: Louis Emanuël, Honorary President; William B. Day, Secretary; E. F. Kelly, Treasurer.

The first session of the House of Delegates was then adjourned.

SECOND SESSION.

The second session of the House of Delegates, A. Ph. A. was convened by Chairman L. L. Walton at 2:00 P.M., Wednesday, August 27, a quorum being present.

Minutes of the first session of the House of Delegates were read by Secretary Wm. B. Day and approved.

Chairman Walton called for the report of the Committee on place of meeting, Theodore J. Bradley, Chairman.

Chairman Bradley reported that there had been a number of invitations presented from different sections. The Committee, after considering all of them, had reached the decision to report in favor of Des Moines, Ia. This section of the country has the proper interest in pharmaceutical organizations; the City of Des Moines has more than adequate hotel accommodations and pleasant surroundings and in other ways is acceptable. •

The recommendation was seconded by H. M. Whelpley and the House voted unanimously to adopt the report of the Committee on Place.

Secretary Wm. B. Day read his report. The Chairman announced that since the reports of the general officers—Secretary and Treasurer—read at the General Session, contained no recommendations it would not be necessary for the House to act on them.

The annual address of President H. V. Army was received from the General Session and referred to the Committee on President's Address.

Chairman E. F. Kelly of the Special Committee on By-Laws presented the report of that Committee.

The report was accepted for action at the next session of the House.

The By-Laws are printed in the August JOURNAL A. PH. A., pp. 754-755. The amendments proposed by the Committee follow:

Chapter I, Article III is amended by inserting the word "or" in place of the comma following Association, in fifth line, and inserting a period after organization, and striking out "or department of the Federal Government." A new article, Article IV, is inserted; it reads:

"ARTICLE IV. *Fraternal Delegates.* Fraternal delegates may be received from organizations not entitled to voting delegates. These delegates shall have the privileges of the floor in other than executive sessions, but without vote."

Former Article IV becomes Article V.

In Article I, of Chapter II, change word "second" to "final"—first word of tenth line. End of Article II, change "of the Board of Directors" to "by the Council."

In twelfth line of Article II, Chapter III, change "in January of each year" to "at least two months before the annual meeting."

In Chapter IV, Article I, 4th line replace "five" by "nine," and in 6th line following "President" insert "First Vice-President, Second Vice-President, and," and replace "Board of Directors" by "Council." Article II is made to read as follows:

"ARTICLE II. *Committee on Place of Meeting.* At the final session held during the annual meeting of the Association, the Chairman of the House of Delegates shall appoint a Committee on Place of Meeting consisting of five members, whose duty it shall be to consider invitations, which may be received during the next year, and to report to the next annual meeting with respect to the place of the annual meeting following. The report of this committee shall be received and acted upon at the second session of the House of Delegates."

In Chapter VI, 6th order of business replace "Board of Directors" by "Council." In 4th line of Article I, Chapter III, place a period after By-Laws, and delete the words "or with any rules adopted by the house."

Chairman Walton stated that the report will be accepted and in accordance with the present By-Laws go over to the next session, when they will be brought up for consideration.

Resolutions were presented and referred to the Committee on Resolutions. An informal discussion relative to the advisability of having an open meeting for considering resolutions, resulted in no action.

Director Robert P. Fischelis of the Drug Trade Bureau of Public Information presented a report on the publicity results of the past year. He explained the workings of the Bureau and the development—eight national organizations contribute to the expenses and make the results possible—the American Pharmaceutical Association contributes \$200 to the fund of \$1300, annually. Since January 1, 32 bulletins had been issued, he said; "These cover a wide range—some relate to commercial matters, others to professional subjects." The Director brought with him for exhibit the results of several bulletins which were shown—one responsive to the National Conference of Pharmaceutical Research, another followed the award of the Remington Honor Medal to George M. Beringer, another related to the article by Dean Jordan presenting the professional status of pharmacy—see June JOURNAL A. PH. A., p. 556—and the other quoted an Editorial of the *N. A. R. D. Journal* on "The Drugless Drug Store." Possibly the most striking of the results was that relating to the Remington Honor Medal—a photograph accompanied the bulletin and a copy of this was used by most of the papers from which clippings were taken. The value of the publicity is evidenced, in a way, by the number of papers from which clippings were shown; the top layers of these were taken from papers of about 14 states, and several times that number of cities, reaching out to the Pacific coast, the western and northwestern states, those of the south and southwest, New England and eastern states.

Chairman Walton thanked Director Fischelis for his interesting report.

Jeannot Hostmann moved that the House of Delegates recommend to the Board of Directors continued support and appropriate the usual annual contribution—the motion was seconded and carried.

The Committee on Nominations by its Secretary, H. M. Whelpley, submitted the list of candidates as follows—for President, the three names: W. L. Scoville of Detroit, Mich., L. L. Walton of Williamsport, Pa., Charles W. Johnson of Seattle, Wash.; for Directors, the nine names: H. C. Christensen, Chicago; Samuel L. Hilton, Washington; W. Bruce Philip, San Francisco; Julius A. Koch, Pittsburgh; Theodore J. Bradley, Boston; Charles W. Holton, Newark, N. J.; H. M. Faser, University, Miss.; Walter M. Chase, Detroit; E. A. Ruddiman, St. Louis. Of the former, one is to be elected by ballot, of the latter, three are to be chosen. The report was signed by all members of the committee.

Charles J. Clayton moved acceptance of the report; George M. Beringer inquired whether consideration had been given to the proposed amendment which provides for a First Vice-President and for a Second Vice-President; James H. Beal suggested that the mover modify his motion to read, that the report be approved and the Committee continued for the purpose of bringing in additional nominations, if present contemplated changes in the By-Laws make such nomina-

tions necessary. Mr. Clayton accepted the suggestion and the motion was accordingly adopted by vote.

The Chairman recognized Mr. Newcomb, who spoke in part as follows: "You will recall there was considerable discussion at Asheville relative to promoting some publicity work along the lines of that which has been carried out successfully in a number of states, especially in Ohio and in the Northwest. The resolution which was passed, No. 12, read as follows: *Resolved*, that the A. Ph. A. extend to its members during the coming year additional service, such service to consist of news bulletins or other material which will be of direct value to the retail pharmacist and to be sent out at least once a month.

"This entailed the expenditure of some money. The Board of Directors authorized the expenditure of, I believe, a sum not to exceed \$1000 for work of this character. The actual carrying out of the work was delegated to the House of Delegates to a Committee of which I was asked to serve as Chairman.

"As you all know, I have been exceedingly busy with publicity work and I feel confident that American pharmacy has accomplished much along the lines of publicity during the past year through the headquarters campaign. During the coming year the Director hopes to incorporate, in some of this headquarters publicity work, material in the form of bulletins which will carry our message to the public and help the pharmacists as well as ourselves.

"I merely wanted to make it clear, Mr. Chairman, to the delegates that we do not pass resolutions and then bury them forever. Some work is being done here on this project and during the next year I am sure that much more will be accomplished."

Mr. Newcomb asked that his remarks be accepted as a report of the Special Committee on Publicity Bulletins. It was so voted.

The report of the Committee on National Legislation was read by Robert P. Fischelis, a member of the Committee. He stated that the report had been signed by Chairman A. R. L. Dohme and John C. Wallace; other members of the Committee were Messrs. DuMez, Fischelis and Eberle. The report concluded with a resolution and after some discussion the report was referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

Chairman Wilbur L. Scoville presented the report of the Committee on National Formulary. After some discussion it was referred for consideration and discussion to the Section on Practical Pharmacy and Dispensing.

The report of the Committee on Standards was read by Secretary Day; it follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON STANDARDS.

Following out the policy mentioned in the last previous report, your Committee on Standards has done no active work during the past year, many of the members still being engaged in similar work on the Committee of Revision of U. S. P. 9 and N. F. 4.

Attention is called to the fact that numerous vacancies have occurred in the ranks of the Committee due to expiration of terms. Following is a list of members whose terms expired: Elmer E. Wyckoff, J. A. Koch, L. D. Havenhill, E. L. Newcomb, Henry Kraemer, Eustace H. Gane, W. A. Puckner, B. L. Murray.

The Committee has sustained a sad loss through the death of one of its members, Dr. John M. Francis.

New appointments are in order.

None of the funds available for the Committee have been spent.

B. L. MURRAY, *Chairman*.

Chairman Walton stated that unless there was objection the report would be accepted and placed on file. He expressed the hope that next year reports of Committees would be signed by a majority of the members of the respective committees.

The Secretary stated that another standing committee is that on U. S. Pharmacopœia; the Committee on Pharmaceutical Syllabus reports to the Section on Education and Legislation; the Committee on Ebert Prize reports to the Scientific Section; the Committee on Pharmaceutical Research is to report to the House of Delegates.* Chairman H. V. Army presented the report and

* This report, in part, entered into the minutes of the General Sessions and of Council and is embodied also in the October report of research activities, pp. 932-934.—EDITOR.

requested the House to recommend to the Board of Directors that the Association reaffiliate with the Research Conference and provide the necessary annual dues. The report was accepted and referred to the Board of Directors.

Secretary Day made a verbal report for the Committee on Membership, as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON MEMBERSHIP.

"The Committee on Membership has not been inactive during the year, but its work has been somewhat over-shadowed by the work of the Committee on Headquarters Building. We have felt it unwise to attempt any general effort to secure members by letter as was done last year for fear of confusing the issue with the headquarters building campaign, but we have worked as individuals and through the colleges and the branches and the state associations and we have secured a very fair number of members, not so large as the number secured last year but neither have we spent so much money. We have secured and elected so far this year over 600 members who have paid the membership fee. We also have the applications of nearly 200 members who are entitled to free membership for a year because they have subscribed at least \$25 and paid in at least \$5 toward their subscription for the headquarters building fund. We are therefore able to report the accession of virtually 800 new members as compared with about 1060 of about a year ago.

"These results have been secured at a very small outlay of money and we will still, no doubt, elect more during this meeting. In fact, I received this morning about 15 applications through the mails, so that I feel the Membership Committee is working.

"Our membership now has reached a total of about 4200 and has made substantial growth during the past year. We believe that with the increased incentive of the headquarters building, the interest taken in this project and the probable accession of some five or six hundred more, possibly a thousand more, contributors to the membership, we shall be very well repaid for our efforts.

"I noted with a good deal of pleasure that one of our contributing members—I thought it rather remarkable—a member who contributed \$500 toward the building and was not a member of the Association at the time that he made this contribution, was one of the first to send in his application for membership under this free provision. He followed this up by coming to the convention. He is here with us. I think that shows praiseworthy interest."

It was ordered that the report take the usual course.

Secretary Day read the names of special committees and Chairman Walton asked that the reports which were ready be presented at this time, thus relieving later sessions.

Chairman H. M. Whelpley reported for the Committee on Endowment Fund that "in view of the work being done for the headquarters building it would be unwise to undertake an active campaign at this time; this idea was brought before the Board of Directors, and concurred in."

Chairman William C. Anderson, of the Committee on Health Insurance, reported that no legislation bearing upon health insurance had been proposed during the past year; "this is the second year," he said "that the Committee has had no work," and therefore, he recommended that the Committee be discontinued.

The foregoing reports were accepted, and the motion by W. C. Anderson that the Committee on Health Insurance be discontinued was seconded by Jacob Diner, and carried.

James M. Doran, head of the Industrial Alcohol and Chemical Division at Washington, was introduced.

He referred to the assistance given by James H. Beal as a member of the Internal Revenue Alcohol Advisory Trades Committee, and remarked that no association representing any branch of pharmacy had taken a better stand than the American Pharmaceutical Association.

J. H. Webster asked whether the enforcement of the 18th Amendment as it applies to pharmacy would be better conducted under the provisions as proposed by the Cramton Bill than under present conditions.

Dr. Doran said the Cramton Bill is largely an organization measure, as to how the business may best be conducted within the Treasury Department. He considered organization as a matter of detail. "After all, if you do not have fair administration," he said, "I do not care how you are organized, you are going to suffer."

Mr. Philip asked if provision had been made for renewal of permits for application after August 30.

Dr. Doran said that the present regulations provided a very much shortened and easier method of renewing annual permits than heretofore. The renewal procedure has been simplified, requiring only simple statement by way of application for renewal, to the effect that the permittee desired his permit renewed for the ensuing year on the same terms as the present year. The regulations do not require such a renewal application where an "H" permit only is held.

Mr. Winter asked relative to a method of procedure in Ohio, which Dr. Doran did not specifically answer in the absence of detailed information. Mr. Wetterstroem asked if there is any limit to the amount of alcohol that can be withdrawn if adequate bond is deposited. Dr. Doran replied that all of these questions are "nutcrackers" in the Department. "The Commissioner's office has always held," he said, "that they have discretionary power to issue a permit only for what appears to be reasonable and legitimate, but it has been denied in some quarters. The law does not specifically inform and there has been no clear court ruling on the subject."

Mr. Wetterstroem asked whether Dr. Doran would construe 30,000 gallons withdrawn every three months by an extract company as reasonable. "That is a lot of extract," Dr. Doran said, "whether it is excessive would have to be determined from all facts in the case; for some firms it would be far too much. Some manufacturers require that much, and more."

S. L. Hilton reported as a delegate to the National Drug Trade Conference. The minutes of the Conference meetings have been published in the JOURNAL.*

R. S. Lehman, member of the delegation from the American Pharmaceutical Association to the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the National Association of Retail Druggists, presented a comprehensive report of the convention, held in Boston, Mass., September 24-28, 1923. To the report were appended the President's Address, reports of the Executive Committee, of the Secretary, of the Treasurer, of the Legislative Committee, of the Committee on Resolutions, the resolutions adopted, of the Committee on Trade Interest, general program, and the address by Dr. James H. Beal on "The Force Behind the Law."

The report gave an account of the meeting, in abstract. The reporter dwelt on President Gladding's reference to the important meeting of the executive committees of the N. A. R. D. and A. Ph. A., in which he stated that such conferences would bring about valuable coöperation.

Chairman Walton thanked Mr. Lehman for the comprehensive report of the N. A. R. D. convention.

The second session of the House of Delegates was then adjourned.

THIRD SESSION.

The third session of the House of Delegates was called to order by Chairman L. L. Walton at 4:00 P.M., Thursday, August 28.

The minutes of the second session of the House of Delegates had been presented at the General Session, just adjourned, therefore, the Chairman stated, unless there was a request the minutes would not be read at this time. There was no request.

Secretary Day read the report of the Committee on Physiologic Assaying; it follows:

Every member of the Committee on Physiologic Assaying, A. Ph. A. is either directly or indirectly assisting in the compilation of the chapter on Biologic Assaying of The United States Pharmacopœia. In view of this fact your chairman, this year, did not ask the members of the committee to carry out any coöperative experiments. Therefore, the committee has no formal report to offer.

PAUL S. PITTINGER, *Chairman.*

The report was accepted.

A motion was adopted to refer the report of the Committee on Patents and Trademarks to the Publication Committee, after being read by title.

Chairman E. F. Kelly read the report of the Committee on Constitution and By-Laws, of the House of Delegates. The Amendments were read seriatim and approved as read. The only changes made to the amendments offered at the preceding section of the House of Delegates are the following:

Article II, Chapter V, 4th line, replace word "balloted" by "acted." Tenth order of business, Chapter VI, was amended to read: "10. Nomination of officers of the Association to

* January JOURNAL A. PH. A., 1924, pp. 87-90.

be elected by mail ballot, and election of officers of the Association upon nomination by the Council."

A motion of W. C. Anderson, seconded by H. M. Whelpley, to adopt the By-Laws as a whole, as amended, was carried without a dissenting vote.

Chairman Kelly moved—That all previous By-Laws adopted by the House of Delegates be repealed, and that a statement to that effect shall appear at the conclusion or other conspicuous place in the publication of these By-Laws.

George M. Beringer seconded the motion and it was so voted, unanimously.

Chairman Walton thanked Chairman Kelly and the other members of the Committee for the splendid work in shaping these By-Laws, which he said, would materially assist the incoming officers.

The report of the Committee on Local Branches was presented:

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON LOCAL BRANCHES, A. PH. A.

The Committee on Local Branches was originally designed "to stimulate and assist in the formation of Local Branches." Later its functions seemed to change to that of keeping the spark of life burning in those branches existent.

The chairman of this committee has now operated in that capacity for a period of five years. For several years the Committee did real work to justify its existence. More recently it has not been very active, due mainly to the quiescence of the chairman, who at this time is loth to state that he has found it difficult for a Committee representing the Association to function in this capacity. It is extremely difficult except in few instances to elicit any assistance or coöperation from officers of the Branches, in distant centers. Such branches as do function in accordance with the By-Laws are well able to care for themselves both as to their program and other problems.

It is not impertinent to point out that out of the branches now on our records only one-half of this number have operated so as to entitle them to continuation and to certain privileges which accrue to the active branches.

Your committee, therefore, regrets that it has no report of progress and specifically recommends that a new chairman be appointed for the new year.

Respectfully submitted,

IVOR GRIFFITH, *Chairman.*

The report was accepted; Chairman Walton stated that the matter of appointing the Committee for next year was in the hands of the incoming officers.

Heber W. Youngken reported verbally for the Committee on Horticultural Nomenclature. He stated that the book of standardized plant names had been published and for the present there was no work for the Committee.

In submitting the report of the Committee to Draft a Code of Regulations for the sale of Poisons, Chairman Jacob Diner said that it was not presented with a view of acting on it at this time, but with a view of bringing out discussions and suggestions.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO DRAFT A CODE OF REGULATIONS FOR THE SALE OF POISONS.

At the Asheville meeting your Committee submitted a preliminary report on this subject in the hope that the discussion would bring out some points which would assist the Committee in formulating regulations which would safeguard the health and life of the people without imposing unnecessary hardships on the pharmacists. Unfortunately few, if any, suggestions or criticisms were offered. The greatest difficulty experienced by your committee was, and still is, to find a clear-cut definition as to what is a "Poison." In order, therefore, not to create any doubt or uncertainty in the mind of a seller whether a certain article comes under the head of a poison or not, we felt the best solution of the problem is to adhere to the old classification of Schedules A and B, and then enumerate in each class all the drugs belonging therein and the precautions to be observed in the sale of a drug belonging to the respective group.

To accomplish this your Committee has carefully studied all the poison laws available, by obtaining copies of the laws from most of the states and including every drug mentioned in these state laws under the proper classification.

RULES GOVERNING THE SALE OF POISONS.

It shall be unlawful for any one not duly licensed to practice the art and science of Pharmacy to sell any of the articles enumerated in Schedules A and B unless such articles are sold in packages of *five* pounds or more, if solid, or four pints or more if liquid, in original sealed containers put up by a manufacturer of drugs or chemicals, or by a recognized wholesale dealer, or by a licensed pharmacist. Such articles must contain on the label, plainly printed, the name or names of the contents, the word "Poison" printed in red, the names of two readily obtainable antidotes and the name and place of business of the seller. Nothing herein contained shall apply to the dispensing of physicians' prescriptions, nor shall it abrogate federal or state laws.

Register.—Every person who disposes of or sells at retail or furnishes any poisons included in Schedule A shall, before delivering the same, enter in a book kept for that purpose the date of sale, the name and address of the purchaser, the name and the quantity of the poison, the purpose for which it is purchased and the name of the dispenser. The "poison register" must at all reasonable hours be open for inspection by the proper authorities and must be reserved for at least five years after the last entry. He shall not deliver any of the poisons of Schedule A or B until he has satisfied himself that the purchaser is aware of its poisonous character and that the poison is to be used for a legitimate purpose. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to the dispensing of medicines or poisons on physicians' prescriptions. The Board shall add to any of the schedules from time to time as such action becomes necessary for the protection of the public.

SCHEDULE A.

Arsenic and its preparations. Acids, all concentrated mineral acids. Atropine and its salts. Aconite and its preparations. Antimony and its salts and preparations. Apomorphine and its salts. Belladonna and its preparations. Barium salts. Brucine, benzaldehyde and bromine. Hydrocyanic Acid and cyanides. Chloral Hydrate. Chromine salts. Cotton Root, and its preparations. *Cocculus indicus* and its preparations. Cantharides, and its derivatives and preparations. Chloroform. Creosote. Conium and its preparations. Copper salts. Cocaine. Conium, its alkaloids, derivatives and preparations. Croton oil. Digitalis, derivatives, preparations. Dionine. Ergot, its derivatives and preparations. Ignatia and its preparations. Lobelia and its preparations. Lead salts. Gold salts. Hydroxides of Sodium and of Potassium. Mercury and its preparations, except mercurous chloride. Morphine, its salts and preparations, except as otherwise stated. Nux Vomica and its preparations. Oil of bitter almonds. Opium, its derivatives and compounds. Oils of savin, pennyroyal, tansy, rue, except as otherwise stated. Phenol (Carbolic Acid), Oxalic Acid. Phosphorus and its poisonous derivatives. Strychine and its salts. Stramonium and its preparations. Other drugs, not mentioned herein, which may become dangerous or injurious to human life or health in doses of two grains or less.

SCHEDULE B.

Alcohol, wood and denatured. Compound cresol solution. Cowage. Colchicum, Copper salts. Formaldehyde. Gelsemium, Nicotine, Hellebore, Henbane, Ignatia, Iodine and Tinctures, Lysol. Salts of lead and zinc; potassium permanganate, etc.

The report of the Committee on Pharmacists in Government Service was presented; it follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PHARMACISTS IN GOVERNMENT SERVICE, A. PH. A.

Your Committee members individually have endeavored closely to follow the developments of the year in the pharmaceutical service of both the Army and Navy and four of the members have personally conferred over this report.

The Army.—In the Army, additional commissions have been granted pharmacists as reserve officers in both the Medical Administrative Corps, where the maximum commission is that of Captain, and in the Sanitary Corps, where pharmacists are being offered higher commissions.

One service rendered by the reserve officers during the year has been a survey of the pharmaceutical resources of the nation, available in time of war. This alone will be of immense value in time of emergency, because of its practical character, being conducted by those familiar with the large scale production. The Surgeon General of the Army is still inviting well-trained pharmacists

who can secure the endorsement of their Colleges, to apply for these commissions, and this Committee urges an immediate response by college teachers and others who are interested in the establishment of a genuine and representative pharmaceutical organization in the Army.

This Committee again emphasizes the importance of building this new army organization now and from those in the ranks of pharmacy best qualified to properly determine the scope of the service to be offered by highly-trained pharmacists.

The Navy.—The situation in the Navy has not materially changed during the year. The hoped-for initiation by the Surgeon-General of legislation to authorize commissions for pharmacists in the Navy has not materialized. That no bill was introduced into Congress does not, however, mean the absence of its consideration, but rather that those interested in such legislation did not consider the conditions propitious.

Two bills providing for the commissioning of navy pharmacists, through the establishment of a Hospital Corps within the Medical Corps, have been placed in the hands of your Committee, and are available here for examination and suggestion by anyone who is interested. These are similar in many respects and both recognize training in a recognized college of pharmacy as a qualifying factor, and both have the support of many members of the present naval pharmacists.

Admiral Stitt, Surgeon General of the Navy, again this year in his report to the Secretary of the Navy, has recommended that provisions be made for commissions to pharmacists, so that your Committee recommend that they, working through the Legislative Committee, be given discretionary power, to secure the introduction into Congress, and passage, if possible, of such legislation.

We are not sure that this year will offer suitable conditions for promoting such legislation, but ask for the endorsement of this Association, should it be found practicable to do so.

Copies of the bills which have been prepared are available, and any one who is interested is invited to give them careful examination and suggest improvements.

Your Committee has followed efforts for better recognition of pharmacists in the Public Health Service, and the War Veterans' Bureau, but have not considered it wise to participate in any movement proposed.

Respectfully submitted,

E. FULLERTON COOK, *Chairman*,
 REDMOND MAYO,
 ROBERT P. FISCHELIS,
 CLYDE I. EDDY.

Chairman Cook moved adoption of the report with its recommendations, seconded by W. C. Anderson.—Carried.

The report of the Committee on International Pharmaceutical Nomenclature was presented, it follows:

To the Members of the American Pharmaceutical Association:

Your Committee on International Pharmaceutical Nomenclature desires to report progress.

For some years past the Committee has been trying to determine just where it should begin in its labors in order to obtain the best results and to establish points of contact with others having the same purpose in view. As a result, the conclusion has been reached that it would be most advantageous to the Association to work with the Federation Internationale Pharmaceutique. This international body has already done considerable work with respect to securing uniformity in pharmaceutical nomenclature and one of its members has requested that our Committee submit a set of general principles which in our opinion should be followed.

The Committee expects to take up the formulation of such a set of general principles in the near future and will no doubt have something more definite to report next year.

Signed:

HORATIO C. WOOD,
 ARNO VIEHOEVER,
 A. G. DUMEZ.

The report was accepted.

Chairman Walton stated that the program called for a report of the Committee on Headquarters Building, Dr. J. H. Beal, Chairman.

Chairman Beal explained that at the December Meeting of the Board of Directors, now Council, the very generous offer of Dr. H. A. B. Dunning was accepted to organize a special campaign committee. He gave credit for the work to him and his very able associates, Professor Newcomb and others, and said that he had requested them to present the report; his work of the year had largely been directed to encourage appropriations, particularly from state associations.

Chairman Dunning of the Headquarters Campaign Committee presented his report in abstract—it is printed on pp. 860–864, September JOURNAL A. PH. A.

Chairman Walton stated that the report was made to this body as a courtesy. He said further, that it was his privilege to hear Dr. Dunning outline the campaign plan before the meeting of the Board of Directors in Washington and was favorably impressed and commended acceptance of the offer. He now felt it was a move in the right direction and in order for the House of Delegates to assure the Campaign Committee that the members will continue to give the fullest cooperation until the goal is reached.

E. L. Newcomb, being called upon, said that part of what he would now say was a repetition of his remarks before the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy. "It was up on Mount Mitchell, last year, that this headquarters campaign was started," he said. "It was while taking that last mile climb that a man came to me and said, 'I want to talk to you about a matter that I have had in my mind for several hours. I have a scheme, a scheme which I think will be a very great benefit if carried to American Pharmacy.' And this man unfolded before me some plans, and as we neared that summit and stood there gazing over that wonderful country, the land of the blue sky, this man saw American Pharmacy as it actually exists to-day. He saw way out here the manufacturers in pharmacy, four great organizations, the American Drug Manufacturers' Association; he saw the Association of Manufacturers of Medicinal products, the Proprietary Association, the United Drug Manufacturers' Association; and then over in another direction he saw the National Wholesale Druggists' Association, and the Federal Wholesale Druggists' Association; and then over here the National Association of Retail Druggists, the largest group of all. He saw the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy, the American Conference of Pharmaceutical Faculties, the National Association of Drug Clerks. In other words, he saw ten great national organizations in American Pharmacy, each of them carrying on important work, each of them sincere, earnest, endeavoring to do something for the betterment of American Pharmacy.

"Here and there he saw conflicts instead of real cooperation between the branches of American Pharmacy. He saw that progress was hindered because there was not full cooperation. And he saw that all of these organizations were talking about a headquarters building. He could see back into the histories of those associations. He could see what those men were thinking of.

"And then under the inspiration which every man has in a position of that kind, he said, 'The one thing which American Pharmacy needs is a headquarters building which will serve as a means of bringing about real cooperation between American Pharmacy.' And that man, gentlemen, was Dr. H. A. B. Dunning."

"This project is unquestionably the most important which American Pharmacy has ever been engaged in, and I do not exempt the U. S. Pharmacopœia, and the work on the National Formulary. I do not exempt our work in creating these ten national associations, in establishing the state associations, nor any of the big things of American Pharmacy which have been done by the American Pharmaceutical Association!

"Organization work in this country is not yet complete. We have developed organizations where they were needed, as the occasion has arisen. And these have served their purpose and served it well, but we have reached a point in the progress of American Pharmacy where our organization activities must be carried further. This entire project is more than accumulating some brick, steel and cement—it is for bringing together the drug interests of this country.

"Do not misunderstand me. I do not mean that these national associations are to be eliminated and that we will simply have one association. No! But there should be correlation so that each will help the other, and will accomplish results through this combined force which is impossible by individual endeavor.

"The American Pharmaceutical Association at one time represented all of American Pharmacy adequately. When the American Pharmaceutical Association was first organized it did represent all of American Pharmacy. Different branches of pharmacy, however, were developed,

different lines of activity, and the A. Ph. A., unfortunately did not function so as to serve each of the activities, and to-day we have these separate groups.

"The American Pharmaceutical Association, in a sense, does represent all of these activities at the present time, and now that it is reorganized it represents the different branches of pharmacy more effectively, more efficiently, than ever before. We have the college professor and the loyal retail pharmacist who stood by the A. Ph. A., and the laboratory men from the manufacturing establishments and some of the wholesalers to thank for keeping the American Pharmaceutical Association alive, strong, healthy and vigorous, and the only association which can possibly carry on this work and is in a position to do so.

"There is some misunderstanding relative to this undertaking because of the misbelief that this is a move to bring about a consolidation, actually, of the funds of these different national associations. Nothing of the kind is true. When American Pharmacy comes to understand the opportunity of bringing about coöperative work along the lines suggested we can raise \$5,000,000 in six months.

"Please, each and every one of you, go away from this meeting determined that you will give support to this great enterprise. That does not mean simply to hand in your subscription. That is one of the smaller but essential parts of the work to be done. It means that you must go home determined to make some sacrifice from your own work, determined possibly to give up a game of golf or a theater party and spend that time to interview influential men in American Pharmacy, to give them a thorough understanding of this proposition, to get their whole-hearted support in order that we may carry on this work and complete the goal.

"We need workers—that is what we need to put this over. With workers, with men who have their soul in the project, we will come to our convention next year with the sum of \$1,000,000 raised."

Chairman Dunning recalled that Professor Newcomb had made him see a great vision. "I wish it were true," he said. "I didn't see that vision, but I did see the opportunity to bring to a consummation the vision of many other men before me. I think you all know well the names of the various men associated with this body who have seen the vision that the speaker was so kind to have attributed to me, but my work has been to put that vision into form, to materialize that vision. I saw the opportunity to materialize it, and that is what I have been doing, but I didn't do the other very grand thing."

Chairman Walton replied that Professor Newcomb should not be robbed of the license that makes that story so beautiful.

James H. Beal moved that after a discussion of the report, it be referred back to the Council. He also very gladly accepted an amendment to the motion by Jacob Diner, that deep appreciation be expressed for the work of Dr. Dunning and Prof. Newcomb and others of the Committee.

Chairman Walton stated that the motion before the House was to refer the report back to the Council with such suggestions or recommendations as it may be desired to make and express our thanks to the committeemen for their splendid address and explanations made here this afternoon. There being no further discussion the vote was called for, and motion carried.

Chairman Jeannot Hostmann read the report of the Committee on President's address.*

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

To the Chairman and Members of the House of Delegates:

Your Committee on Resolutions and President's Address begs to report as follows:

President Army, in his address made three recommendations and five suggestions all of which have been carefully considered by your committee.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Recommendation Number One.—"I recommend that at this 1924 meeting, the first order of business of the final General Session of the Association be the awarding of prizes and the installation of officers, said functions not to take more than thirty minutes." It is the opinion of your Committee that the method suggested by President Army will add dignity to the awarding of

* The names of the members of the Committee given on p. 804, September JOURNAL A. PH. A., should also include Linwood A. Brown and D. M. Cowan; they were obliged to leave before the work of the convention was completed.

the Ebert Prize and the Research Grant, as well as the installation ceremonies. It will also make it possible to set a definite time for the above mentioned functions, which is not possible under present arrangements. Your Committee approves the recommendation and favors its adoption.

Recommendation Number Two.—"I recommend that the Committee on Publication be authorized to proceed to a speedy publication of the Recipe Book this authorization to include the securing of the proper person to perform the editorial work needed to convert the report of the Committee on Recipe Book into the finished volume."

The work of compiling, collecting and selecting the material for the Recipe Book has been done by volunteers. When published it will undoubtedly have a ready sale and should become a source of revenue. Your Committee is in agreement with President Arny that it would neither be fair nor satisfactory to do the editorial work otherwise than as suggested.

Your Committee recommends concurrence.

Recommendation Number Three.—"I recommend that the A. Ph. A. reaffirm the stand taken by it in 1921 (JOURNAL A. PH. A., 10, pp. 668, 1921) advocating the establishment of Government agencies handling alcoholic liquors."

Recommendation No. 3 was very carefully discussed by your Committee. Whisky and Brandy have been readmitted into the Pharmacopœia. Many reputable physicians consider both as valuable therapeutic agents. Your Committee believes that the proper place for the sale of medicine is in the pharmacy. Furthermore, while the sale of whisky and brandy was forced upon the pharmacist, it is questionable whether a so-called "dispensing" system might not bring with it still more unsatisfactory conditions.

Your Committee reports unfavorably upon Recommendation No. 3.

Suggestion Number One.—Your Committee believes that the thought expressed by the President is a very happy one and offers the following:

1. *Resolved*, that the Board of Directors (Council) be directed to utilize the income from the "Centennial Fund" for the striking of a medal to be known as the "Centennial Medal," to be awarded annually or otherwise for meritorious work along special pharmaceutical research lines.

2. *Resolved*, that the Committee on Pharmaceutical Research shall be charged with the details of the award of said medal.

The other four suggestions made by the President referring to the Ebert Legacy Fund, the Ebert Prize, Bringing the YEAR BOOK up to Date and the Scope of the A. Ph. A., were given careful consideration. Your Committee did not think it wise to act upon them.

To avoid useless repetition your Committee, with the consent of the President, has omitted the suggestions from this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

AMBROSE HUNSBERGER, GEORGE JUDISCH,

B. L. MALTBIE, D. B. R. JOHNSON,

F. W. MEISSNER, THEODORE D. WETTERSTROEM,

JEANNOT HOSTMANN, *Chairman.*

Jacob Diner moved that the report of the Committee be received and the recommendations acted upon seriatim.—Carried.

The several recommendations and suggestions were separately read, freely discussed, and acted upon—the results are also given following the President's address in the September JOURNAL A. PH. A., pp. 804–805. (The discussion relative to the recommendations and suggestions was brief; the vote was unanimous as carried, except for recommendation three, which was carried by a two-thirds vote.)

George M. Beringer moved that the report of the Committee on President's Address, as amended, be approved and adopted as a whole. Seconded by W. C. Anderson.—Carried.

Chairman Hostmann asked for instructions—"There have been offered to me," he said, "several resolutions and I have refused them. My understanding is that the Committee on Resolutions has no right to consider any resolutions, except such as are handed to the Chairman by the Secretary of the House of Delegates."

Chairman Walton replied that "all resolutions to be considered by the House of Delegates should be offered in open session, in writing, duly signed by the authorities and by the House referred to the Committee on Resolutions. The Chairman of the Committee is not responsible and

should not consider resolutions which are not offered in that manner." In further reply to others the Chairman stated that at every session an opportunity for the presentation of resolutions had been given. Resolutions are wanted, they should be read in open meeting so the members can be thinking about them and be prepared to discuss the report of the Committee on Resolutions.

Theodore D. Wetterstroem, referring to the report of the Committee to Draft a Code of Regulations for the Sale of Poisons, said it occurred to him that it would help in the matter of prosecution on poison cases, conducted by Boards of Pharmacy as a rule, if there was a definition of "poison" incorporated in the U. S. Pharmacopœia; that such a definition would then become of legal standing and would assist in the prosecution by the Boards of Pharmacy. Possibly a suggestion of that kind to that Committee when it does complete such a definition could be carried into effect.

Chairman Walton was confident that the members of the Committee would welcome suggestions that will make their work of greatest value to pharmacists. Everyone should give the subject thought and confer with the Committee, the report will probably not be completed for several years.

FOURTH SESSION.

The final session of the House of Delegates, A. Ph. A., was convened by Chairman L. L. Walton at 3:30 p.m., Friday, August 29.

Secretary Wm. B. Day read the minutes of preceding session.

E. L. Newcomb referred to the action on Recommendation Three of the President's address which resulted in the adoption of the committee's report, and Jacob Diner noted that Recommendation Four of the minutes was only a suggestion of the President. The Secretary stated he had not the report of the Committee and corrections would be made accordingly when the report was returned to him.

The minutes were approved as corrected.

Chairman E. L. Newcomb, of the Committee on Nominations for officers of the House of Delegates, reported the following nominees: For Chairman, W. Bruce Philip, of California; Vice-Chairman, W. D. Jones, of Florida. The report, he stated, was signed by all members of the Committee, except the fifth member, who had left for home, but had concurred in the nominations.

James H. Beal moved that the nominations be closed. The motion was duly seconded and carried.

The supplementary report of the Committee on Nominations for Association officers was called for. The Secretary of the Committee, H. M. Whelpley, reported three nominations for First Vice-President: William C. Anderson, of New York; Fred W. Meissner, of Indiana; Frank G. Schachleiter, of Arkansas; for the three nominees for Second Vice-President: C. J. Clayton, of Colorado; Clyde L. Eddy, of New York; John G. Beard, of North Carolina.

R. S. Lehman moved, seconded by Samuel L. Antonow, that the nominations be closed.—Carried.

Secretary Day read a communication from the Board of Directors to the House of Delegates; it reads:

To the House of Delegates:

Following the recommendation of the House regarding the Recipe Book, the Council has adopted the following motion:

1. That Prof. Ivor Griffith of the Recipe Book Committee, be appointed Editor of the Recipe Book and instructed to cooperate with Chairman Lascoff and the Committee on Recipe Book in preparing such book for publication.
2. That the sum of \$1000 or so much thereof as may be required, if approved by the Finance Committee, be appropriated to cover the expense of said editing and of any further revision of the formulas that may be found necessary.

ROBERT P. FISCHELIS, *Secretary,*
Board of Directors.

Chairman Walton expressed the opinion that it is in order to accept this information and place it on file.—It is not for action by the House of Delegates, but Council business.

Various motions resulted through a misunderstanding of the purpose of the communication,

which came to the House of Delegates as a matter of information. The motion by Jacob Diner, seconded by D. B. R. Johnson, that the report of the Board of Directors be received, carried.

Chairman Walton called for reports from the Sections:

REPORTS OF THE SECTIONS. A. PH. A.

Scientific Section—Report by Secretary Paul S. Pittenger:

The Scientific Section held its regular sessions at 9.00 A.M. on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 27, 28 and 29, respectively, and one Joint Session with the Section on Practical Pharmacy and Dispensing at 8:30 P.M., Thursday, August 28th.

All of the sessions were well attended.

A total of 43 scientific papers was presented followed by interesting and instructive discussions.

The section of the By-Laws limiting the presentation of papers to ten minutes with an additional ten minutes for discussion was strictly adhered to, with the exception of the paper by Dr. J. M. Kolthoff of Utrecht to whom an extension of time was granted by unanimous vote.

Equal opportunity was thereby afforded to all authors. The Section Officers feel certain that this procedure eliminated the dissatisfaction which was very apparent at many of our previous meetings when some authors were allowed very much longer time, after which, owing to the lack of time, others were unable to satisfactorily present their subjects.

An abstract of the more important "minutes of the Sessions" follows:

The first session was called to order at 9:18 A.M. August 27th, and was followed immediately by the reading of the Chairman's address.

The address was referred for consideration, with instructions to report at a later session, to a Committee composed of the following three members: Robert J. Ruth, Chairman; E. F. Kelly and A. G. DuMez.

This was followed by the Secretary's report which gave a brief outline of the preliminary planning and the methods employed for receiving papers and making arrangements for the program.

The Committee on Nominations was composed of: F. E. Bibbins, Chairman; H. Engelhardt and W. H. Zeigler.

The By-Laws of the Section were then revised in accordance with the revised By-Laws of the Association and referred to the Council for final action.

Twelve papers were presented at the first session followed by interesting discussion. These were all of such a high standard that it is impossible to impartially mention any selected number of outstanding ones.

The second session was called to order at 9:15 A.M., August 28th.

The entire session was devoted to the reading of papers and the reading of the Report of The Ebert Prize Committee.

Ten extremely interesting and valuable papers were presented followed by discussions of equal merit. Although all of the papers were of a high standard, special attention is called to the unusually exceptional papers of Messrs. Kolthoff, Beal and Giesy.

The special feature of this session was the masterly address of Dr. I. M. Kolthoff of Utrecht upon the subject of "The Concentration of Silver Ion Concentration of Argentum Proteinicum."

Professor Army led the discussion. In addition to pointing out the value of Dr. Kolthoff's work, he expressed his surprise that such a voluminous list of research papers could have issued from the pen of an author so young. Also that he had the great pleasure of announcing that Dr. Kolthoff had been elected an Honorary Member of the A. Ph. A.

Dr. A. G. DuMez, chairman of the "Ebert Prize Committee" reported that the prize had been awarded to President Army for his work on color standards, the last report of which was included in his paper entitled "The Preparation of Color Standards and their Application."

Joint Session.—Scientific Section and Section on Practical Pharmacy and Dispensing.—This meeting was called to order at 8:20 P.M., August 24th, and was devoted to a Symposium on U. S. P. and N. F. after which Dr. J. C. Munch of the Bureau of Chemistry, U. S. Department of Agriculture, presented a paper setting forth the plans, program, etc., for supplying standard samples to the manufacturers, of the various drugs which require biologic assay.

Chairman J. P. Snyder presided during the discussion of the United States Pharmacopœia and the reading of Dr. Munch's paper and Chairman Robert J. Ruth presided during the discussion of the National Formulary.

The "Report on the U. S. Pharmacopœia" was presented by Chairman E. Fullerton Cook.

The "Report on the National Formulary" was presented by Chairman Wilbur L. Scoville.

The third session was called to order at 9:15 A.M., August 29th, by Chairman J. P. Snyder. The reading of papers was at once continued. Fifteen papers were read and discussed. Three papers were read by title. The papers of all sessions were accepted and referred for publication.

The Committee on Nominations reported the following nominees: *Chairman*, Paul S. Pittenger; *Secretary*, F. F. Berg; *First Vice-Chairman*, John C. Krantz, Jr.; *Second Vice-Chairman*, E. V. Kyser; *Delegate* to the House of Delegates, J. P. Snyder.

Dr. Arno Viehoever presented the report of the Committee on Quality of Medicinal Products. Robert J. Ruth reported for the Committee on Chairman's Address, and moved that all recommendations contained therein be adopted. The motion was carried.

It was moved by A. G. DuMez, received and carried that the Chairman of the Committee on Nominations cast one ballot for the election of the officers nominated.

Chairman J. P. Snyder installed the new officers who in turn expressed their appreciation to the Section for the confidence placed in them and pledged themselves to do all in their power to prove themselves worthy of the honor.

Section on Historical Pharmacy.—Report by Chairman Clyde I. Eddy:

The principal work of the Section on Historical Pharmacy this year was a discussion of the chapter that had been completed of the history of American Pharmacy. Five or six of the chapters have been presented in the preliminary draft and reports were made by some of the other officers.

On suggestion of the Chairman, the entire editorial board of this proposed history was constituted a committee to carry on the work, which will be continued until the history is completed.

The Section program will now go forward as it has in the past. Robert S. Lehman has been elected *chairman* of the Section, and Caswell A. Mayo as *delegate* to the House of Delegates. Chairman Walton thanked Messrs. Pittenger and Eddy for their reports.

Section on Commercial Interests.—Reported by Chairman-elect W. Bruce Philip:

The Section on Commercial Interests followed the program, having the usual papers, and also having read before it one of the papers that was listed under the Section on Practical Pharmacy and Dispensing, this being a paper on window display and counter display. Responsive to a paper by one of the authors it was suggested we might have a Committee appointed by the proper authorities, either the House of Delegates or the Council, to endeavor to bring the sale of biologics and vaccines back into the drug stores instead of being sold by specialty houses and houses having non-registered pharmacists.

The Secretary suggested, this being a section on commercial interests, that the Chairman and the Secretary of this Section be selected from the convention city, and in that way bring the commercial affairs of the local druggists before this Section and the American Pharmaceutical Association as an aid to the local druggists and obtain memberships from among their number. This was referred back to the incoming officers with the suggestion that this year the associates come from the convention city, and if that was successful it might be that the plan would be adopted the next year.

The *Chairman* elected was the former Secretary W. Bruce Philip; and the *Secretary*, George Judisch, who is near the convention city, and *Delegate* to the House of Delegates, Henry B. Smith.

It was moved by W. Bruce Philip, seconded by D. B. R. Johnson, that the report be accepted and the recommendations therein approved.—Carried.

Section on Education and Legislation.—Reported by Secretary-elect J. G. Beard:

The Section was not well attended and not many papers were presented. The discussion was quite vigorous on the part of those who attended the sessions. It was decided to take active steps during the coming year to restore this section to its rightful place in the affairs of this organization and make it function as it was intended to function—make it be a real section on Education and Legislation—allow it to be and encourage it to be a medium through which and in which schools not having membership in the Conference might have opportunity to display their views on education; and also as a medium in which legislation could be discussed and acted upon.

The officers for the coming year are: *Chairman*, William Mansfield; *Secretary*, J. G. Beard; *Delegate* to the House of Delegates, M. N. Ford; *Associate*, David Simms.

Section on Practical Pharmacy and Dispensing.—Reported by Irwin A. Becker:

The last session of the Section is still in session; our joint session with the Scientific Section has been reported. Our attendance is good and we have 35 papers. The Chairman's address was so well received that the Section went on record urging the Committee on Publications to give this address as much publicity as possible.

The officers of the Section are: *Chairman*, John C. Krantz, Jr.; *Secretary*, F. J. Blumenschein; *Delegate* to the House of Delegates, Robert J. Ruth.

Chairman Walton thanked Messrs. J. G. Beard and I. A. Becker for their reports. The former asked whether it was necessary that a committee appointed by a Section be referred to the House of Delegates for approval. In the opinion of the Chairman such action was not necessary.

Chairman J. H. Beal, of the Council, stated that a matter should be brought before the House of Delegates at this time, following the report of the Sections. He said, "the By-Laws under which the Association operated during the latter part of last year provided that the Chairmen of the sections should constitute the Vice-Presidents of the Association. That section of the By-Laws has been repealed. The By-Laws, as they will now operate for the annual election, provide for two Vice-Presidents, a First and a Second. These nominations have been presented to the House of Delegates and, if approved, will go upon the annual ballot, but the Vice-Presidents thus elected will not serve during the incumbency of our present President-élect. On the other hand, the terms of the Vice-Presidents who have served during the past year with President Army have expired. We are without Vice-Presidents and without any machinery provided for their election, because if the two Vice-Presidents elected at the ensuing election be taken as Vice-Presidents for this year, then we will have two vacancies to fill next year. This is something that has come upon us by the changes made necessary by some rather hasty action at the last annual meeting at Asheville.

"After considering all of as many sides as possible of the situation and consulting with President Army and with other authorities in the Association I have come to the conclusion, with which, I believe, all of those with whom I have consulted agree, that the reasonable thing to do is to assume that the First and Second Vice-Presidents of the present year who should be installed this evening and serve with President Holton should be the Chairman of the Scientific Section and the Chairman of the Section on Education and Legislation. And the reason I place them in that order, or that we have placed them in that order, is that in point of seniority the Scientific Section is the eldest and next to it comes the Section on Education and Legislation.

"Now this is brought to you for your advice and as an expression of opinion with the idea that when the question is raised to-night, as a parliamentary point of order in the General Session, we will be able to give the General Session and the President the benefit of our opinion.

"In order that this may be placed in regular form for discussion, I move, Mr. Chairman, that it be the sense of this House of Delegates that the First Vice-President to serve for the ensuing year should be the Chairman of the Scientific Section and that the Second Vice-President to serve during the ensuing year should be the Chairman of the Section on Education and Legislation."

The motion was seconded by W. Bruce Philip.—Carried.

Chairman Walton advised the Secretary to report the views of the House of Delegates to the General Session.

The report of the Committee on Resolutions was called for.

Chairman Jeannot Hostmann read a letter from the American Medical Association with an attached resolution.

The report of the Committee reads:

"American Pharmaceutical Association:

I inclose herewith a copy of a resolution adopted by the House of Delegates of the American Medical Association, in June last. The House of Delegates records its objection to the National Prohibition Acts as they now stand and calls for remedial legislation. The matter is one of vital interest to pharmacists. I am writing, therefore, to inquire whether the American Pharmaceutical Association will coöper-

ate in the drafting of such legislation as is necessary to carry this resolution into effect.

I am writing letters asking similar coöperation from the National Wholesale Druggists' Association, the National Association of Retail Druggists, and the Anti-Saloon League of America.

(Signed) WM. C. WOODWARD,
Executive Secretary, Bureau of Legal Medicine and Legislation."

"Resolution on the National Prohibition Acts, Adopted by the House of Delegates, American Medical Association, Chicago, June 10, 1924.

"WHEREAS, The use of alcohol in medicine by physicians is limited, regardless of the condition of the patient by the National Prohibition Acts, and

"WHEREAS, the confidential relations maintained between the physician and his patient are violated by the said National Prohibition Acts, and

"WHEREAS, The interests of the patient and the success of the physician require that such medicinal alcoholic liquor as is prescribed in the treatment of disease be of known purity and alcoholic content, and

"WHEREAS, This can be accomplished only by the marketing of bottled-in-bond alcohol for medicinal purposes in containers suitable for dispensing, unopened, by the pharmacist, in such sizes as will meet the patient's needs; be it

"Resolved, That the House of Delegates of the American Medical Association expresses its disapproval of those portions of the National Prohibition Acts which interfere with the proper relation between the physician and his patient in prescribing alcohol medicinally.

"Resolved, That the House of Delegates of the American Medical Association instruct the Board of Trustees to use its best endeavor to have repealed such sections of the National Prohibition Acts as are in conflict with the above resolution and also use their best endeavor to have the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and the Prohibition Commissioner issue revised instruction on the use and the prescribing of alcoholic liquors for medicinal purposes by physicians."

"Your Committee believes that it would be wise to instruct the Legislative Committee to coöperate with a similar Committee of the American Medical Association in legislative matters of mutual concern.

"Your Committee does not believe that this Association should coöperate along the lines suggested in the letter and enclosure. The stand taken by the American Pharmaceutical Association upon the liquor question is a matter of record. The pharmacist did not seek nor did he wish to become the dispenser of liquor as medicine. When it is so dispensed upon a physician's prescription it is to be regarded the same as any other substance used for the alleviation of disease. The pharmacist dispenses liquor as part and parcel of his duty in rendering pharmaceutical service to the people of this country. The restrictions placed upon the physician are his affair and not those of the pharmacist. Most pharmacists unwillingly perform the duty imposed upon them. Therefore, your Committee sees no reason why the A. Ph. A. should take any action looking toward any change in the restrictions limiting the amount of liquor a physician may prescribe."

"Your Committee desires to call your particular attention to the fourth paragraph of the submitted resolution, to wit: 'This can be accomplished only by the marketing of bottled-in-bond alcohol for medicinal purposes in containers suitable for dispensing, unopened, by the pharmacist, in such sizes as will meet the patient's needs.'"

"Your Committee considers this to be a gratuitous insult to pharmacy and believes that it calls for either retraction or explanation. Your Committee presents the following resolution:

"Resolution No. 1.—Resolved, that the Committee on Legislation be directed to coöperate with a similar body of the A. M. A. in legislative matters of mutual concern.

"Resolution No. 2.—Resolved, that the Secretary of the Council be directed to communicate with Mr. William C. Woodward of the Bureau of Legal Medicine and Legislation of the A. M. A. requesting an explanation or retraction of the wording of paragraph 4 of the resolution adopted by the House of Delegates of the American Medical Association.

Resolution No. 3.—Your Committee recommends the adoption of the following: WHEREAS, it has come to the attention of the members of the American Pharmaceutical Association in convention assembled, that large volumes of alcohol are withdrawn by certain permit holders for the making of double strength tincture of ginger which in our opinion is many times more than needed for medicinal use by the people of this country, and

“WHEREAS, the withdrawal of such quantities of alcohol for such purpose is not in good faith and complying with the Federal prohibition law, Section 9; therefore, be it

Resolved, that the members of the A. Ph. A. petition the prohibition unit of the Internal Revenue Department of the Federal Government to give this matter its serious consideration with the view of checking the misuse of this article by stopping its over-production at its source of supply.”

A letter having been received from the American Fair Trade League requesting reaffirmation of the Association's stand on price standardization, your Committee offers Resolution number 4:

Resolution No. 4.—“*Resolved*, that the House of Delegates of the A. Ph. A. again approve the introduction and consummation of legislation placing into effect the principle of price standardization.”

Resolution No. 5.—“Your Committee recommends the adoption of the following:

“WHEREAS, at a meeting of the state chairman engaged in the All Pharmacy Headquarters Campaign under the auspices of the American Pharmaceutical Association held in the city of Buffalo, August 27, 1924, the following was unanimously adopted:

“*Resolved*, that the General Secretary of the A. Ph. A. be directed to send a communication to each of the ten national drug associations expressing the hope that each will approve and become active in promoting the success of the All Pharmacy Headquarters building campaign now being conducted under the auspices of the A. Ph. A.; and be it further

“*Resolved*, that the Secretary be instructed to furnish a carefully prepared statement giving full information respecting the scope and purpose of this great project.”

The report of the Committee on Legislation contained a recommendation to adopt the following resolution:

“WHEREAS, Congress has passed a law making it impossible to import any opium into the country for the purpose of manufacturing heroin, and

“WHEREAS, it is generally admitted by medical men and pharmacists that heroin is a desired and needed remedy for coughs and other pathological conditions; therefore, be it

“*Resolved*, by the American Pharmaceutical Association that it was a mistake to pass this law and that it should be repealed at the earliest opportunity.”

Your Committee recommends that this resolution be laid upon the table.

(Signed) GEORGE JUDISCH, AMBROSE HUNSBERGER,
B. L. MALTBIE, D. B. R. JOHNSON,
F. W. MEISSNER, THEODORE D. WETTERSTROEM,
JEANNOT HOSTMANN, *Chairman.*

James H. Beal moved to proceed with the consideration of the report of the Committee seriatim. Seconded by S. L. Antonow.

There was some parliamentary discussion relative to the order in which the resolution of the American Medical Association should come before the House.

Mr. Beal stated that the resolutions of the Committee failed, in his opinion to cover two important points in the communication from the Bureau of Legal Medicine:

“First, rebuttal of the whereas which in effect declares that the only way in which the physician can be assured of procuring medicinal alcohol of proper quality is by virtue of its being dispensed in the form of what is known as ‘bottled-in-bond’ in containers of suitable size which need not be opened by the pharmacist before they are dispensed.

“Now we see here something that is not new or novel in the relation between medicine and pharmacy. We have seen our medical friends tell of infringement upon their prerogatives by virtue of the several prohibition acts, but entirely oblivious to the fact that pharmacy may also have interests that may be infringed upon. And I think they are distinctly infringing upon our rights when they adopt such a whereas, although I should in justice say that I believe it was done through inadvertence because pharmacy did not have a representative there to call attention to

that fact. So I would like to offer something in the nature of an addition to these resolutions, either to be added to the resolution offered by the Committee on Resolutions or to be incorporated in the resolution if the same should be redrafted."

"1. On general principles the A. Ph. A. objects to statutory enactments which tend to interfere with the judgment of qualified physicians in the treatment of their patients whether such interference consists in a limitation of the therapeutic agents which physicians may prescribe or to the quantities which they may prescribe when such prescriptions are made in good faith.

"2. This Association, however, does not subscribe to the statement that only 'bottled-in-bond' spirits are the requisite purity and quality, and desires to place itself on record as approving the standards of the U. S. P. and National Formulary as the sole standard that should be relied upon in determining the quality of alcohol and alcoholic liquors for medicinal purposes."

Chairman Walton held that the first resolution of the Committee must first be disposed of, and for the time, with the consent of his second, Mr. Beal withdrew his amendment.

Resolution No. 1 of the Committee was then adopted by vote.

Mr. Beal re-introduced his amendment as a substitute for the second resolution of the Committee, seconded by S. L. Antonow.

Discussion followed by Messrs. Antonow, D. B. R. Johnson, Diner, Bradley, Philip, Eddy, Chase, Beal and others. A vote was called for and the substitute resolutions were adopted.

Resolution No. 3 was read; motion to adopt was made by Theodore D. Wetterstroem, and seconded.

In speaking for the resolution, Mr. Wetterstroem said in part, "I wish to state that enormous quantities, 30,000 gallons, are being withdrawn by one firm every three months, the greater portion being used for making double-strength tincture of ginger. Other firms are withdrawing less quantities. These are matters of record and will not be challenged by the Prohibition Department. An estimate in Ohio is that over 200 times the amount of tincture of ginger used before the 18th amendment became effective is now being manufactured, and Ohio is no worse than some other states.

"We do know that these firms referred to are soliciting this trade through channels other than the drug trade, but through competition many of the druggists of our state are supplying the demand. I have every reason to believe that this whisky substitute will place a stigma upon the name of pharmacy, and for that reason alone I brought this resolution here and with the hope that when this is taken to the Prohibition Unit, permit division, they will have sufficient knowledge, the power, if you will, to determine whether they can refuse or revoke a permit of that kind. As stated to you yesterday, there is no legal limit to the amount of alcohol that can be withdrawn as long as the preparation prepared is legitimate."

W. C. Anderson expressed hearty accord with the purpose of the resolution but it should distinctly state that these firms were other than retail pharmacists. Pharmacy and pharmacists are too frequently and indiscriminately charged with violations of law.

I. A. Becker expressed similar views as preceding speaker.

Mr. Philip said: "I am heartily in favor of the spirit of the resolution, nevertheless there are one or two facts that we should consider. First, if that resolution is passed it is more than probable that the press will give this resolution as the publicity of the last day of the proceedings of the American Pharmaceutical Association. That will be carried all over the United States, and the good work that we are doing will find no place in the press. That must be considered. Also, the prohibition department publishes, I think weekly, a digest of information just like this and sends it to most of the papers of the United States for publicity, so that later this resolution would appear in most of the papers and would be interpreted to reflect on the local druggist."

H. M. Whelpley spoke along the same lines as Mr. Philip and expressed an opinion that it would be publicity for tincture of ginger.

Mr. Diner said if the Association would strongly support the protest of Chairman Cook of the U. S. P. Revision Committee before the Department at Washington against arbitrary changes in standards of U. S. P. preparations, it would aid in the correction of the sales under discussion.

Mr. Wetterstroem said the purpose of the resolution was not to save any manufacturer, whether pharmacist or not, doing this kind of business.

Robert P. Fischelis said that if the resolution cannot be revised to meet the views expressed here, it would be better to table the motion and he, accordingly, so moved, seconded by S. L. Antonow.—Carried.

Resolution No. 4 was read. Motion to adopt the resolution was made by Caswell A. Mayo and seconded by F. L. Newcomb.

Resolution No. 5 was read.

Considerable discussion followed participated in by Messrs. Beal, Mayo, Antonow, Newcomb, Whelpley, Day, Hostmann, Eddy, Philip, D. B. R. Johnson, Jelinek. The points of discussion centering on the term "All-Pharmacy" and the information relative to scope and purposes, to be sent to other organizations. An amendment was accepted by Messrs. E. L. Newcomb and H. M. Whelpley, read by Secretary Day, who said this amendment will make the resolution read as follows: "*Resolved*, that the Secretary of the American Pharmaceutical Association be directed to send a communication to each of the ten national drug associations expressing the hope that each will approve and will become active in promoting the success of the headquarters building campaign now being conducted under the auspices of the American Pharmaceutical Association for the purpose of purchasing a site, erecting and equipping a permanent headquarters building for the American Pharmaceutical Association and which will serve all phases of pharmaceutical interests."

The amendment was carried by vote and thereafter, the question presented for vote on the adoption of the resolution as amended.—Carried.

Chairman Hostmann read the resolution (No. 6) embodied in the report of the Committee on Legislation. Motion was made and seconded to adopt the report of the Committee on Resolutions—to table the resolution.

The motion was discussed by Messrs. Beal, Hostmann, Antonow, Diner. A motion finally resulted to table the report of the Committee on Legislation.—Carried.

S. L. Hilton moved that Resolution No. 3, relating to double-strength tincture of ginger be taken from the table and referred to a Committee of Three, the Committee to report within ten minutes. He explained that a report of the action taken might not be understood.

Discussion of method whereby the resolution could again be taken up at this session resulted in a motion to reconsider the vote and the action taken when the resolution was laid on the table.—Carried.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Hilton, Hunsberger and Meissner to serve on the Committee provided by Mr. Hilton's motion.

Election of officers of the House of Delegates for the ensuing year resulted in the election of W. Bruce Philip of San Francisco as Chairman; W. D. Jones of Jacksonville, Fla., as Vice-Chairman. After each nomination, the Secretary was instructed by vote to cast the ballot of the delegates for the nominee.

Messrs. Jelinek and Antonow spoke of the benefits that would result from the headquarters building, and the value of coöperative work for it.

Clyde L. Eddy spoke of the help given to children of German pharmacists, through the efforts of a Committee composed of members of several national pharmaceutical associations, who had charge of funds for the relief. Grateful expressions had come from the parents of the children.

Mr. Philip moved that the Resolutions Committee prepare a resolution of thanks for the Local Committee and all others who had contributed to the success of the meeting and for hospitalities extended.—Carried.

Messrs. C. H. Packard, Theodore J. Bradley, and Henry B. Smith and others discussed the advisability of selecting a meeting date later in the fall or winter and early in spring, instead of during the summer. It was voted to have the Chairman appoint a Committee of three to confer with the Council relative to a change of time of meeting. Chairman Walton stated he would leave the appointment to the incoming chairman.

The Special Committee for redrafting Resolution Three presented the following resolution for consideration:

"WHEREAS, it has come to the attention of the members of the American Pharmaceutical Association in convention assembled that large volumes of alcohol are being withdrawn by certain

permit holders for the purpose of manufacturing double strength tincture of ginger to apply for beverage and not medicinal purposes, and

"WHEREAS, the withdrawal is not in good faith and not in compliance with the Federal prohibition law, Section 9; therefore be it

"Resolved, that the American Pharmaceutical Association strongly urges the prohibition unit of the Internal Revenue Bureau of the Federal Government to give this matter its serious consideration with a view of checking the misuse by stopping over-production at the source."

A motion to adopt was made by the members of the Committee and seconded.

Lengthy discussion followed. The final result was a revised resolution as follows:

"WHEREAS, it has been asserted that certain large permit holders other than retail pharmacists are withdrawing alcohol for the manufacture of double strength tincture of ginger in quantities so excessive as to suggest its use for beverage purposes."

"THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the American Pharmaceutical Association urges the prohibition unit of the Internal Revenue Bureau to give this matter its attention, and if the facts asserted are found to exist that then such permit holders as are found to abuse their privileges be dealt with according to law."

The Committee accepted the substitute resolution.

Chairman Walton expressed his delight and pleasure at having received such kindly and cordial cooperation on the part of the delegates in conducting the business of the House. He then installed W. Bruce Philip as the Chairman of the House of Delegates for the ensuing year.

Chairman Philip thanked the members and asked for their support. He recalled that he was a member of the Committee to draft the first By-Laws of the House of Delegates and associated with him were Messrs John G. Godding and Clyde M. Snow. He expressed his appreciation of the manner in which Mr. Walton had conducted the proceedings of the House of Delegates.

The resolutions as previously presented and accepted by the Special Committee were read by Mr. Beal, and on motion of J. G. Beard, seconded by Ambrose Hunsberger and vote, adopted unanimously.

Ambrose Hunsberger said "for fear of losing the opportunity of conveying to our retiring Chairman the kindly feelings that this body of delegates has towards the wonderful manner in which he handled this meeting, I want to take advantage of this opportunity to ask for a rising vote of thanks. In Pennsylvania we all know Mr. Walton's capabilities, and some of you have come to learn his firmness, the firmness that he applies, however, in such a kindly fashion that he rather impresses us as being a parliamentary steam roller equipped with balloon tires and four wheel brakes. That is the way he is looked upon in Pennsylvania."

The rising vote of thanks was heartily given.

The report of the Committee on Resolutions as a whole, as amended, was adopted by unanimous vote.

James H. Beal said "I wish on behalf of the House of Delegates to move a sincere vote of thanks to the efforts of this Committee on Resolutions and especially to its very competent and faithful and efficient Chairman, Mr. Hostmann. He has given a great deal of thought and attention to the discharge of a very difficult and disagreeable duty; he has had to pass upon questions where there were so many things involved that he could not be certain as to what form of resolution would best meet the situation.—Variously seconded and carried by unanimous vote.

The final session of the House of Delegates was then adjourned.

SPURIOUS SALVARSAN AND NEO-SALVARSAN MAKE THEIR APPEARANCE IN THE UNITED STATES.

During the past several years reports emanating from Europe have shown that spurious salvarsan and neo-salvarsan have been met with in practically all of the European countries, but it has not been until comparatively recently that spurious samples of these prod-

ucts have appeared on the American market. Within the past year a sample of salvarsan and one of neo-salvarsan, examined at the Hygienic Laboratory of the United States Public Health Service, failed to give a test for arsenic. These products were put up in sealed ampules bearing forged labels of a well-known German manufacturer. It, therefore, behooves dealers in these products to make sure of the reliability of their source of supply.